

CASCADABLE BROADBAND GaAs MMIC AMPLIFIER DC TO 4GHz

RoHS Compliant & Pb-Free Product

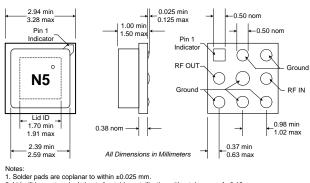
Typical Applications

- Narrow and Broadband Commercial and Military Radio Designs
- Linear and Saturated Amplifiers

Product Description

The NBB-502 cascadable broadband InGaP/GaAs MMIC amplifier is a low-cost, high-performance solution for general purpose RF and microwave amplification needs. This 50 Ω gain block is based on a reliable HBT proprietary MMIC design, providing unsurpassed performance for small-signal applications. Designed with an external bias resistor, the NBB-502 provides flexibility and stability. The NBB-502 is packaged in a low-cost, surface-mount ceramic package, providing ease of assembly for high-volume tape-and-reel requirements. It is available in either 1,000 or 3,000 piece-per-reel quantities.

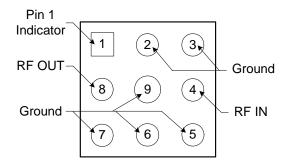




Lid will be centered relative to frontside metallization with a tolerance of ±0.13 mm.
 Mark to include two characters and dot to reference pin 1.

Optimum Technology Matching® Applied

•		U 11
🗌 Si BJT	🗌 GaAs HBT	GaAs MESFET
Si Bi-CMOS	SiGe HBT	Si CMOS
🗹 InGaP/HBT	GaN HEMT	SiGe Bi-CMOS



Functional Block Diagram

Package Style: MPGA, Bowtie, 3x3, Ceramic

Features

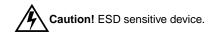
- Reliable, Low-Cost HBT Design
- 19.0dB Gain, +13.0dBm P1dB@2GHz
- High P1dB of +14.0dBm@6.0GHz
- Single Power Supply Operation
- 50Ω I/O Matched for High Freq. Use

Ordering Information

NBB-502	Cascadable Broadband GaA 4GHz	s MMIC Amplifier DC to
NBB-502-T1	Tape & Reel, 1000 Pieces	
NBB-502-E	Fully Assembled Evaluation	Board
NBB-X-K1 RF Micro Devices, 7628 Thorndike Rc Greensboro, NC 27	ad	Amp Designer's Tool Kit Tel (336) 664 1233 Fax (336) 664 0454 http://www.rfmd.com

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	•	
Parameter	Rating	Unit
RF Input Power	+20	dBm
Power Dissipation	300	mW
Device Current	70	mA
Channel Temperature	200	°C
Operating Temperature	-45 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C



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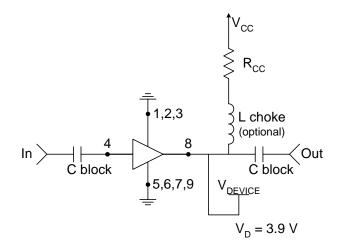
Exceeding any one or a combination of these limits may cause permanent damage.

Denementen	Specification			11 14		
Parameter	Min. Typ.		Max.	Unit	Condition	
Overall					V _D =+3.9V, I _{CC} =35mA, Z ₀ =50Ω, T _A =+25°C	
Small Signal Power Gain, S21	19.0	20.5		dB	f=0.1GHz to 1.0GHz	
-		19.0		dB	f=1.0GHz to 2.0GHz	
	16.0	17.0		dB	f=2.0GHz to 4.0GHz	
Gain Flatness, G _F		±0.8		dB	f=1.0GHz to 3.0GHz	
Input and Output VSWR		1.55:1			f=0.1GHz to 4.0GHz	
		1.50:1			f=4.0GHz to 6.0GHz	
		1.55:1			f=6.0GHz to 10.0GHz	
Bandwidth, BW		4.2		GHz	BW3 (3dB)	
Output Power @						
-1dB Compression, P1dB		13.0		dBm	f=2.0GHz	
		14.0		dBm	f=6.0GHz	
Noise Figure, NF		4.0		dB	f=3.0GHz	
Third Order Intercept, IP3		+23.0		dBm	f=2.0GHz	
Reverse Isolation, S12		-17.0		dB	f=0.1GHz to 10.0GHz	
Device Voltage, V _D	3.6	3.9	4.2	V		
Gain Temperature Coefficient, $\delta G_T / \delta T$		-0.0015		dB/°C		
MTTF versus Temperature						
@ I _{CC} =35mA						
Case Temperature		85		°C		
Junction Temperature		109.4		°C		
MTTF		>1,000,000		hours		
Thermal Resistance						
θJC		179		°C/W	$\frac{J_T - T_{CASE}}{V_D \cdot I_{CC}} = \theta_{JC}(°C/Watt)$	

Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	GND	Ground connection. For best performance, keep traces physically short and connect immediately to ground plane.	
2	GND	Same as pin 1.	
3	GND	Same as pin 1.	
4	RF IN	RF input pin. This pin is NOT internally DC blocked. A DC blocking capacitor, suitable for the frequency of operation, should be used in most applications. DC coupling of the input is not allowed, because this will override the internal feedback loop and cause temperature instability.	
5	GND	Same as pin 1.	
6	GND	Same as pin 1.	
7	GND	Same as pin 1.	
8	RF OUT	RF output and bias pin. Biasing is accomplished with an external series resistor and choke inductor to V _{CC} . The resistor is selected to set the DC current into this pin to a desired level. The resistor value is determined by the following equation: $R = \frac{(V_{CC} - V_{DEVICE})}{I_{CC}}$ Care should also be taken in the resistor selection to ensure that the current into the part never exceeds maximum datasheet operating current over the planned operating temperature. This means that a resistor between the supply and this pin is always required, even if a supply near 5.0V is available, to provide DC feedback to prevent thermal runaway. Alternatively, a constant current supply circuit may be implemented. Because DC is present on this pin, a DC blocking capacitor, suitable for the frequency of operation, should be used in most applications. The supply side of the bias network should also be well bypassed.	RF IN O
9	GND	Same as pin 1.	

Typical Bias Configuration

Application notes related to biasing circuit, device footprint, and thermal considerations are available on request.



Recommended Bias Resistor Values						
Supply Voltage, V _{CC} (V)	5	8	10	12	15	20
Bias Resistor, R_{CC} (Ω)	31	117	174	231	317	460

Application Notes

Die Attach

The die attach process mechanically attaches the die to the circuit substrate. In addition, it electrically connects the ground to the trace on which the chip is mounted, and establishes the thermal path by which heat can leave the chip.

Wire Bonding

Electrical connections to the chip are made through wire bonds. Either wedge or ball bonding methods are acceptable practices for wire bonding.

Assembly Procedure

Epoxy or eutectic die attach are both acceptable attachment methods. Top and bottom metallization are gold. Conductive silver-filled epoxies are recommended. This procedure involves the use of epoxy to form a joint between the backside gold of the chip and the metallized area of the substrate. A 150°C cure for 1 hour is necessary. Recommended epoxy is Ablebond 84-1LMI from Ablestik.

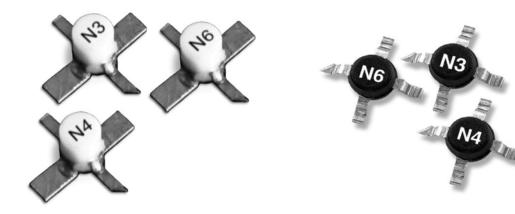
Bonding Temperature (Wedge or Ball)

It is recommended that the heater block temperature be set to 160°C±10°C.

Extended Frequency InGaP Amplifier Designer's Tool Kit NBB-X-K1

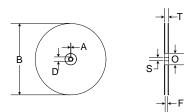
This tool kit was created to assist in the design-in of the RFMD NBB- and NLB-series InGap HBT gain block amplifiers. Each tool kit contains the following.

- 5 each NBB-300, NBB-310 and NBB-400 Ceramic Micro-X Amplifiers
- 5 each NLB-300, NLB-310 and NLB-400 Plastic Micro-X Amplifiers
- 2 Broadband Evaluation Boards and High Frequency SMA Connectors
- Broadband Bias Instructions and Specification Summary Index for ease of operation

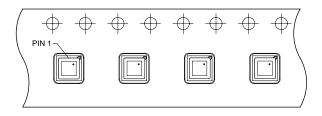


Tape and Reel Dimensions

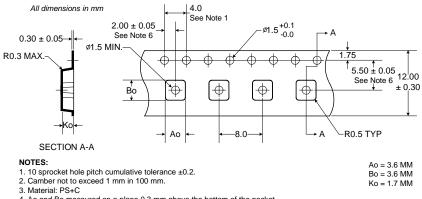
All Dimensions in Millimeters



	330 mm (13") REEL	Micro-X, MPGA		
	ITEMS	SYMBOL	SIZE (mm)	SIZE (inches)
	Diameter	В	330 +0.25/-4.0	13.0 +0.079/-0.158
FLANGE	ANGE Thickness		18.4 MAX	0.724 MAX
	Space Between Flange	F	12.4 +2.0	0.488 +0.08
	Outer Diameter	0	102.0 REF	4.0 REF
нив	Spindle Hole Diameter	S	13.0 +0.5/-0.2	0.512 +0.020/-0.008
пов	Key Slit Width	A	1.5 MIN	0.059 MIN
	Key Slit Diameter	D	20.2 MIN	0.795 MIN

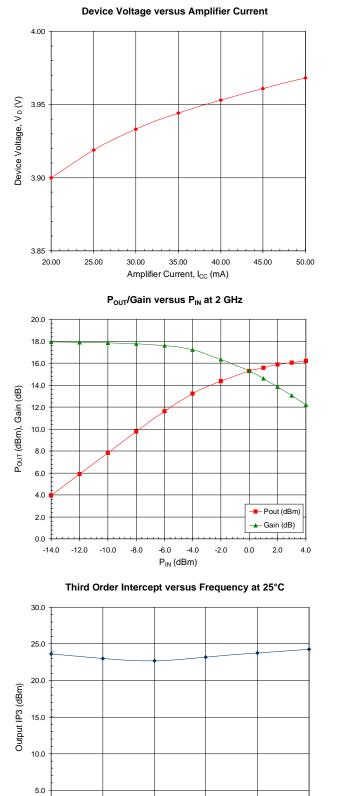


User Direction of Feed



A co and Bo measured on a plane 0.3 mm above the bottom of the pocket.
 Ko measured from a plane on the inside bottom of the pocket to the surface of the carrier.

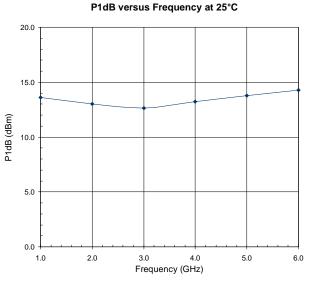
6. Pocket position relative to sprocket hole measured as true position of pocket, not pocket hole.



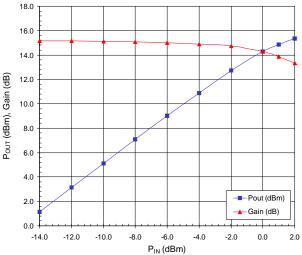
3.0 4.0 Frequency (GHz)

5.0

6.0







1.0

2.0

0.0

Note: The s-parameter gain results shown below include device performance as well as evaluation board and connector loss variations. The insertion losses of the evaluation board and connectors are as follows:

1GHz to 4GHz=-0.06dB 5GHz to 9GHz=-0.22dB 10GHz to 14GHz=-0.50dB 15GHz to 20GHz=-1.08dB

